

Probability 1 MS

Q1.

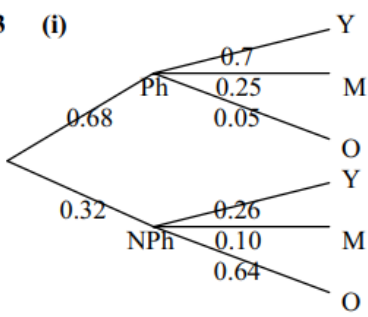
3 (i) $P(> 5) = {}^7C_6(0.6)^6(0.4) + (0.6)^7$ $= 0.1306 + 0.02799$ $= 0.159$	M1 A1 [2]	Summing 2 or 3 binomial probs of the form ${}^7C_r(0.6)^r(0.4)^{7-r}$ Correct answer
(ii) $P(\text{bark}) = P(\text{park, bark}) + P(\text{not park, bark})$ $= 0.6 \times 0.35 + 0.4 \times 0.75$ $= 0.51$	M1 A1 [2]	Summing two appropriate 2-factor probabilities Correct answer
(iii) Variance (number of times) = 7.2	B1 [1]	Correct final answer

Q2.

5 (i) <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th><i>A</i></th> <th><i>B</i></th> <th><i>C</i></th> <th><i>D</i></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Rick</td> <td>1/3</td> <td>2/9</td> <td>2/9</td> <td>2/9</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Brenda</td> <td>1/4</td> <td>1/4</td> <td>1/4</td> <td>1/4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ali</td> <td>2/35</td> <td>2/35</td> <td>2/7</td> <td>3/5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="margin-top: 10px;"> $P(\text{Rick } B, \text{ Brenda } B, \text{ Ali not } B)$ $+ P(\text{Rick } B, \text{ Brenda not } B, \text{ Ali } B)$ $+ P(\text{Rick not } B, \text{ Brenda } B, \text{ Ali } B)$ $= 11/210 + 2/210 + 1/90 = 23/315$ </p> <p style="margin-top: 10px;"> $P(\text{Rick } B, \text{ Brenda } B, \text{ Ali } B) = 1/315$ </p> <p style="margin-top: 10px;"> Prob(at least 2 at entrance <i>B</i>) $= 24/315 (8/105) (0.0762)$ </p>		<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>D</i>	Rick	1/3	2/9	2/9	2/9	Brenda	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	Ali	2/35	2/35	2/7	3/5	M1 M1 M1 A1 [4]	Obtaining probs of each person for each entrance (can be implied or awarded in part (i) or part (ii)) Considering options 2 meet 1 doesn't, must have at least two 3-factor terms Adding option all three meet, must be added to a prob Correct answer
	<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>D</i>																		
Rick	1/3	2/9	2/9	2/9																		
Brenda	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4																		
Ali	2/35	2/35	2/7	3/5																		
(ii) $P(\text{entrance } A) = 1/210 (0.00476)$ $P(\text{entrance } B) = 1/315 (0.00317)$ $P(\text{entrance } C) = 1/63 (0.0159)$ $P(\text{entrance } D) = 1/30 (0.0333)$ <p style="margin-top: 10px;"> $P(\text{same entrance}) = 2/35 (0.0571)$ </p>	M1 M1 A1 A1 [4]	Obtaining a three-factor prob for any entrance Adding four three-factor probabilities for the 4 entrances Two or more correct entrance probabilities Correct answer																				

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Q3.

<p>3 (i)</p>  <p style="margin-left: 40px;">0.68 → Ph 0.32 → NPh</p> <p style="margin-left: 80px;">Ph: 0.7 (Y), 0.25 (M), 0.05 (O) NPh: 0.26 (Y), 0.10 (M), 0.64 (O)</p>	M1	Y = young, M = middle-aged, O = old Correct shape with Ph, NPh first
<p>(ii) $P(\text{Ph} \text{M}) = \frac{0.68 \times 0.25}{0.68 \times 0.25 + 0.32 \times 0.1}$</p> <p>$= 0.842 (170/202)$</p>	B1 M1 A1 [2]	All probabilities and correct
<p>(ii) $P(\text{Ph} \text{M}) = \frac{0.68 \times 0.25}{0.68 \times 0.25 + 0.32 \times 0.1}$</p> <p>$= 0.842 (170/202)$</p>	B1 M1 A1 [3]	For correct numerator using cond prob formula with numerator < denominator For attempt at P(35 – 60 years old), involving the sum of two 2-factor probs, seen anywhere Correct answer

Q4.

<p>2 $P(\text{pencil case} \text{find}) =$</p> $\frac{P(\text{pencilcase and find})}{P(\text{find})} = \frac{0.7 \times 1}{0.7 + 0.3 \times 0.2}$ <p>$= 0.921$</p>	M1 A1 A1 A1 [4]	Attempt to use cond prob formula, must be quotient Correct num of a fraction Correct denominator Correct answer
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Q5.

<p>7 (a) (i) $P(\text{at least one 3}) = 1 - P(\text{no 3s})$ $= 1 - (5/6)^9$ $= 0.806$</p>	M1 A1 [2]	Using $1 - \text{none}$ Correct answer
<p>(ii) $P(\text{at least 1 three}) = 1 - (5/6)^n$ $1 - (5/6)^n > 0.9$ $n > 12.6$ $n = 13$</p>	B1 M1 M1 A1 [4]	Equation or inequality involving n and 0.9 Solving attempt of sensible equation, can be trial Correct answer
<p>(b) <math>P(\text{R wins his 1st ball}) = P(\text{GY})</math> $= 15/56 (0.268)$ <math>P(\text{R wins 2nd ball}) = P(\text{GGGY}) = 3/28</math> <math>P(\text{R wins 3rd ball}) = P(\text{GGGGY})</math> $\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{4}{7} \times \frac{3}{6} \times \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{3} = 1/56$ $P(\text{R wins}) = 11/28 (0.393)$</p>	M1 M1 M1 A1 [4]	Using $P(\text{GY})$ Attempt to find $P(\text{GGGY})$ or $P(\text{GGGGY})$ Adding three options Correct answer

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Q6.

<p>7 (i) $P(2, N2, 2) = 1/4 \times 1 \times 1/7 = 1/28$</p> <p>$P(8, 8, N8) = 1/4 \times 2/5 \times 3/7 = 3/70$</p> <p>$P(8, N8, 8) = 1/4 \times 3/5 \times 4/7 = 3/35$</p> <p>$P(N8, 8, 8) = 3/4 \times 2/5 \times 4/7 = 6/35$</p> <p>$\Sigma = 47/140$ (0.336)</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>A1 [5]</p>	<p>Considering at least two options of 2s and 8s</p> <p>Considering three options for the 8s</p> <p>Summing their options if more than 3 in total</p> <p>One option correct</p> <p>Correct answer</p>
<p>(ii) $P(2, 2 \text{ given same}) = \frac{1/28}{47/140}$</p> <p>$= 5/47$ (0.106)</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>A1 [2]</p>	<p>1/28 in numerator of a fraction</p> <p>Correct answer</p>
<p>(iii) $P(X) = 47/140$</p> <p>$P(Y) = 1/4$</p> <p>$P(X \text{ and } Y) = 1/28 \neq 47/140 \times 1/4$</p> <p>Not independent</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>[2]</p>	<p>Attempt to compare $P(A \text{ and } B)$ with $P(A) \times P(B)$ or using conditional probabilities</p> <p>Legitimate correct answer</p>

Q7.

<p>6 (i) $P(0, 1, 2)$</p> <p>$= (0.85)^6 + (0.15)(0.85)^5 {}_6C_1 +$</p> <p>$(0.15)^2(0.85)^4 {}_6C_2$</p> <p>$= 0.953$</p> <p>(ii) $P(D) = 0.6 \times 0.1 + 0.4 \times 0.55 = 0.28$</p> <p>$P(B D) = \frac{P(B \cap D)}{P(D)}$</p> <p>$0.06/0.28 = 0.2143$</p> <p>$P(> 1) = 1 - P(0)$</p> <p>$= 1 - (0.7857)^5$</p> <p>$= 1 - 0.7078$</p> <p>$= 0.701$</p>	<p>B1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 [3]</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>√A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 [6]</p>	<p>0.15 and 0.85 seen</p> <p>Any binomial expression Σ powers = 6, $\Sigma p = 1$</p> <p>Correct answer</p> <p>Attempt to find $P(D)$</p> <p>0.28 seen</p> <p>Using cond prob formula to find $P(B D)$</p> <p>Correct unsimplified answer</p> <p>Binomial expression $1 - P(0)$ or $1 - P(0, 1) \Sigma p = 1$</p> <p>Correct answer accept 0.700</p>
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Q8.

<p>2 (i) $P(F) = \frac{12}{30}$ (0.4)</p> <p>or $P(W) = \frac{16}{30}$ (0.533)</p> <p>or $P(M \cap W') = \frac{5}{30}$ (0.167)</p> <p>$(F \text{ or } W) = \frac{13}{30} + \frac{3}{30} + \frac{9}{30}$</p> <p>or $1 - \frac{5}{30}$ or $\frac{12}{30} + \frac{16}{30} - \frac{3}{30}$</p> <p>$= \frac{5}{6}$ (0.833)</p>	<p>B1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>A1</p>	<p>$\frac{12}{30}$ or $\frac{16}{30}$ or $\frac{5}{30}$ seen</p> <p>Valid attempt to find $P(F \text{ or } W)$</p> <p>Correct unsimplified expression</p> <p>Correct answer</p>
<p>(ii) $P(M) = 18/30$ (0.6), $P(W) = 16/30$ (0.533), $P(M) \times P(W) = 8/25$ (0.32)</p> <p>$P(M \text{ and } W) = 13/30$ (0.433) $\neq 8/25$ (0.32)</p> <p>not independent</p> <p>OR</p> <p>$P(M W) = \frac{P(M \text{ and } W)}{P(W)} = \frac{13/30}{16/30} = \frac{13}{16}$ (0.813)</p> <p>$\neq \frac{18}{30} = P(M)$,</p> <p>not independent</p> <p>OR</p> <p>$P(W M) = \frac{P(M \text{ and } W)}{P(M)} = \frac{13/30}{18/30} = \frac{13}{18}$</p> <p>$\neq \frac{16}{30} = P(W)$,</p> <p>not independent</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>[2]</p>	<p>Valid attempt to find $P(M)$, $P(W)$ and $P(M) \times P(W)$</p> <p>$P(M \text{ and } W) = 13/30 \neq 8/25$ and correct conclusion</p> <p>Valid attempt to find $P(M \text{ and } W)$, $P(W)$ and $P(M \text{ and } W) \div P(W)$</p> <p>$\frac{13}{16} \neq \frac{18}{30} = P(M)$</p> <p>Valid attempt to find $P(M \text{ and } W)$, $P(M)$ and $P(M \text{ and } W) \div P(M)$</p> <p>$\frac{13}{16} \neq \frac{16}{30} = P(W)$</p>

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Q9.

<p>6 (i) $P(O \text{ given } +) = \frac{0.37}{0.83} (0.4458)$</p> $P(0, 1, 2) = (0.4458)^0 (0.5542)^9 +$ ${}^9C_1 (0.4458)^1 (0.5542)^8 +$ ${}^9C_2 (0.4458)^2 (0.5542)^7$ $= 0.156$	<p>B1 A1 M1 M1 A1 A1</p>	<p>0.83 seen or implied Attempt to find $P(O \text{ given } +)$ using conditional probability fraction Binomial term ${}^9C_r p^r (1-p)^{9-r}$, $r \neq 0$ or 9 Binomial expression $P(0, 1, 2)$ or $P(0, 1, 2, 3)$ powers summing to 9 any $0 < p < 1$ Correct unsimplified expression Correct final answer</p>
<p>(ii) $\mu = 150 \times 0.35 = 52.5$,</p> $\sigma^2 = 150 \times 0.35 \times 0.65 = 34.125$ $P(> 60.5) = P\left(z > \pm \frac{60.5 - 52.5}{\sqrt{34.125}}\right)$ $= 1 - \Phi(1.369)$ $= 0.0854 \text{ or } 0.0855$	<p>B1 M1 M1 M1 A1</p>	<p>150×0.35 (52.5) and $150 \times 0.35 \times 0.65$ (34.125) seen Standardising, using sd not variance Using continuity correction, 59.5 or 60.5 correct area (< 0.5, for mean $<$ their 60) correct value</p>

Q10.

<p>6 (i)</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 15%;"></th> <th style="width: 15%;">wrapped</th> <th style="width: 15%;">unwrapped</th> <th style="width: 15%;">total</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>choc</td> <td>7</td> <td>10</td> <td>17</td> </tr> <tr> <td>not choc</td> <td>5</td> <td>8</td> <td>13</td> </tr> <tr> <td>total</td> <td>12</td> <td>18</td> <td>30</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(ii) 12/30 (0.4) (iii) 10/18 (5/9) (0.556) (iv) 10/17 (0.588) (v) P(2 wrapped) $= 12/30 \times 11/29 \times 18/28 \times 17/27 \times {}_4C_2$</p> $= 0.368 \text{ (374/1015)}$ <p>OR</p> $({}_{12}C_2 \times {}_{18}C_2) / {}_{30}C_4$ $= 0.368$		wrapped	unwrapped	total	choc	7	10	17	not choc	5	8	13	total	12	18	30	<p>B1 B1 [2] B1ft [1] B1ft [1] B1ft [1] M1 M1 M1 A1 M1 M1 M1 A1</p>	<p>One correct row or column numbers All correct including labels Ft their table Ft their table Ft their table Mult by ${}_4C_2$ $12 \times 11 \times 18 \times 17$ seen in num $30 \times 29 \times 28 \times 27$ seen in denom Correct answer ${}_{12}C_2$ seen mult or alone in num (not added) ${}_{18}C_2$ seen mult or alone in num (not added) ${}_{30}C_4$ seen in denom Correct answer</p>
	wrapped	unwrapped	total															
choc	7	10	17															
not choc	5	8	13															
total	12	18	30															